

WENDY WEIDEN



SUSTAINABLE FOOD PRODUCTS



STRATEGIES



SYSTEMS

The (surprisingly strong!) economic case for local procurement in school meals

04.17.14

Imagine A Word Filled With This:



Rather Than This:





And With These:





Rather Than These:

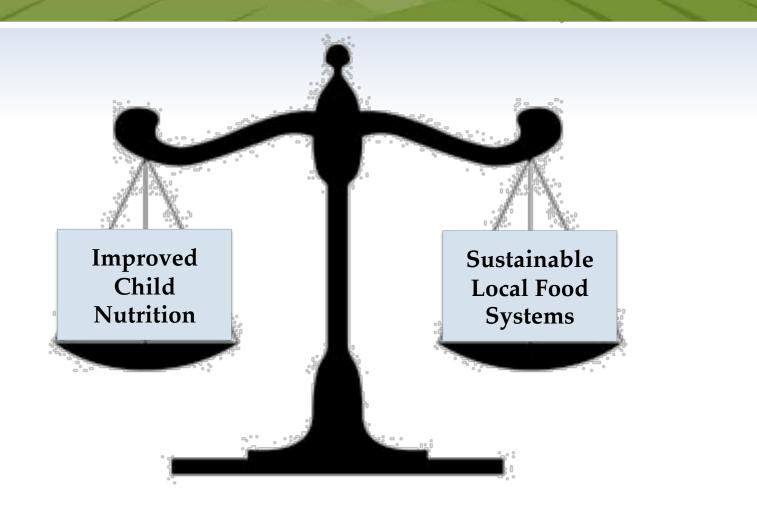


How Do We Get From...





Dual Benefits of Local Procurement:





Leveraging Successful Precedents

Riverside USD

- ~\$1MM in produce from 8 local farmers in 3 years
- Revenue **↑** 70%

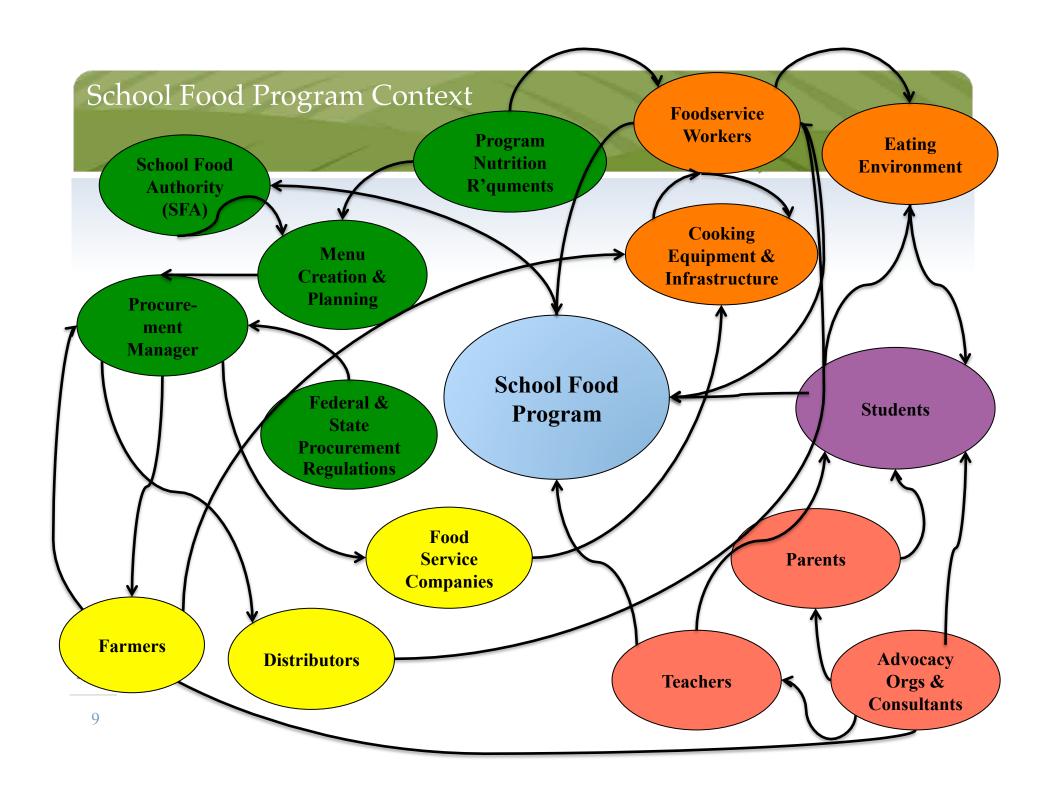
Oakland USD

- 37% local produce (SY2013) totaling \$621K
- \$47M local bond funding central kitchen construction

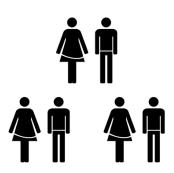
Davis JUSD

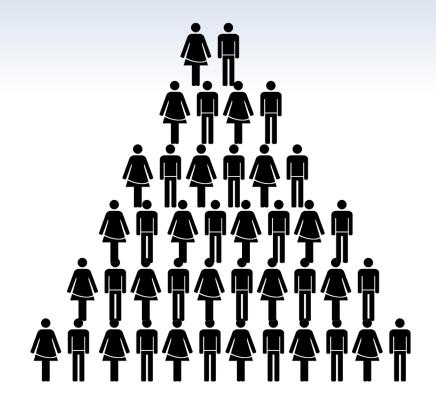
- >52% local produce in SY2012, (23% ↑ over SY2011)
- Funded by local parcel tax (twice!)





Participation Determines Dollars







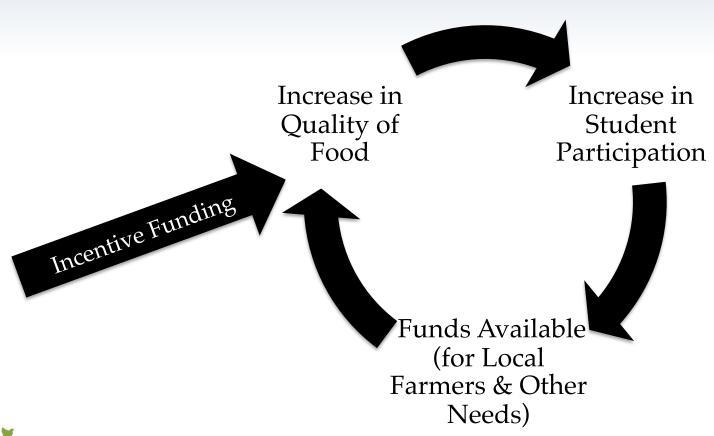








Incentive Funding: A Lever of Change



Incentive Funding: A Lever of Change

Davis JUSD

- \$70K/year for local food in school, voted in via parcel tax (first passed in 2007)
- Uses:
 - Procurement
 - Staff training
 - Equipment
 - PR & Marketing
 - Consulting services to aid w/ above

CA Fresh Start Pilot

- **\$.10/meal** for addtl. produce
- Uses:
 - Only allowable use for purchase of produce
 - Not enough to cover additional costs such as:
 - Labor & training costs
 - Equipment needs
 - Marketing/ communication materials







It's still the economy



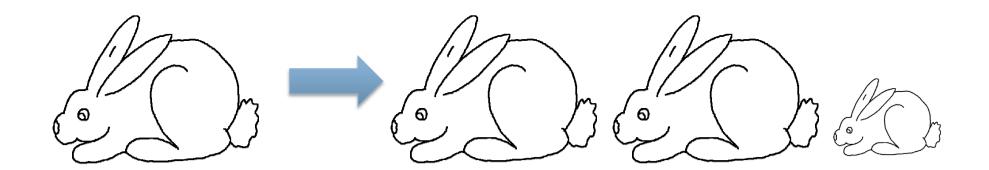
What is an Economic Multiplier?

- A "ripple effect" caused by injection of funds into a given economic sector
 - Each dollar earned within the agricultural sector fuels additional economic activity
 - For example:
 - 1. I spend \$1 on CA-grown strawberries →
 - 2. The grower uses \$\$ to buy seeds and equipment →
 - 3. The retailer uses \$\$ to buy inventory, pay workers \rightarrow
 - 4. The worker uses \$\$ to buy food, gas, clothing →
 - 5. Etc. etc....



California's Agriculture Multiplier

Current estimate of California's value-added agriculture multiplier: 2.27





What Could the Multiplier Mean for CA?

		Value Added Multipliers for Local Food Investment (i.e., total additional value for CA economy based on school food funding input)		
		California (Measure of California Agriculture)	Average of 6-State Midwestern Region (Swenson, 2010)	Oregon (Henderson, 2011)
Recommended funding based on CA Fresh Start Pilot ³	\$ 33,198,866	\$ 75,361,425	\$ 55,774,094	\$ 104,908,415
Equivalent revenue needed to fund the same increase in produce in lunches ⁴	\$ 79,660,698	\$ 180,829,785	\$ 133,829,973	\$ 251,727,806
Total if funding supplied for breakfast and lunch	\$ 112,859,564	\$ 256,191,210	\$ 189,604,067	356,636,221

³ As the Fresh Start Pilot was for breakfast only, this amount is understated if the policy were to be applied to all meals and snacks. Number has also been adjusted based on the increase in breakfasts served between 2005-06 and 2011-12.



Result: \$75M - \$356M in additional revenue in the economy

Calculated based on the ratio of lunches to breakfasts served in 2010-11 (2.53) (CDE, 2012).

The Policy Recommendation

- A \$.15-\$.20 per-meal subsidy granted to school districts procuring state-grown-grown produce
- Flexibility in spending
- Allocated based on need and interest





Roadmap to a New Policy

Keys to Successful Passage and Implementation

- Meet, Greet, (Eat)
- Careful Policy Design
- Propose and Develop a Pilot
- Secure new policy with sustainable funding source

A Policy We Can All Get Behind







More Vibrant State Economy

